
Discover the beauty of world geography-- 100% pure New Zealand

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Abstract: New Zealand is in the southern hemisphere high latitude region, the season is the opposite of China, summer (that is, November to January) is the tourist season, the mountains and mountains of Lu ice flowers is the most beautiful scenery, water sports also attracted many lovers. The most beautiful natural scenery in the South Island, you can see the sunrise and sunset everywhere, the beauty is breathtaking. North Island is dominated by geothermal resources, can soak in hot springs, shopping, is the paradise of female friends who love beauty.

Key words: World geography; Pure; NZ

Queenstown - A beautiful town surrounded by the Southern Alps, Queenstown is a beautiful town near the mountains and by the water, and everywhere is the perfect place to visit. In the autumn, the whole town is colored with bright red and gold leaves. The colonists thought this beautiful place should belong to the Queen, so it was named Queenstown.

The Fox Glacier, with its unique geography, descends from the southern foothills of the Southern Alps to temperate rainforest just 300m above sea level. Walking along the retreating glaciers, you can get a close look at the glaciers, and take a closer look at the glacier morphology and some unique geographical landscapes. Glacial meltwater washes the rocks, and the suspended water takes on a milk-blue hue, settling to a beautiful blue hue. The rocks here have been crushed by glaciers and washed by rivers, leaving clear lines. In cold and wet conditions, algae stain rocks red.

Greymouth - Crepe Rock Crepe Rock, also known as melaleuca rock, formed 30 million years ago. Small Marine organisms and sand alternately layer and bury on the seafloor, creating layers of hard limestone and soft sandstone. Seismic activity causes the sea floor to rise and eventually dry up. The soft sandstone, eroded by rain and wind, forms hundreds of vertical layers along the cliff gullies, like huge layers of pancakes. Inside many of the cliffs, there are many vertical ventilation channels formed by rain moisture and some horizontal tunnels formed by seawater shock. At high tide, the water rushes out through a large number of vertical blowhole, forming a rainbow under the sunlight, accompanied by the sound of the water, which is very spectacular.

Lake Taupo - The largest lake in New Zealand, Lake Ka Falls is one of the famous landscapes, with sharp rapids and clear water like jade. The geothermal resources near the lake are rich, known as the "moon pit", and there are many hot springs, mainly sulfur hot springs.

The Waitomo Glowworm Cave, 30 million years ago, was deep under the sea. Over the past 24 million years, through numerous geological changes, much of the hard limestone has been distorted and brought to the surface, where it has been eroded by rain, forming cracks in the rock. The rain and air carry slightly acidic carbon dioxide to erode the rock, forming stalactites and stalagmites. Fireflies spit out one bead after another like sticky silk, and at the same time, the tail of the blue glow, scattered in the deep above the cave, like a full of stars.

Auckland - New Zealand's "economic capital" Auckland is the former capital of New Zealand, is also the gateway to foreign trade, tourism, is an important transport hub, is also New Zealand's largest and busiest business and financial center. It seems to exist to tell people that New Zealand is not a poor primitive island, but a beautiful country with a strong economy that still insists on ecotourism.

New Zealand is a scenic place where you can relax. Although New Zealand towns are not as historic as European towns, their natural scenery is unbeatable. The smart New Zealanders choose to protect the ecological environment and develop tourism, which is more suitable for such a pure land that is favored by God than the "smoky" industrial civilization!

References:

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